

CHAPTER -I

**THE PUNJAB BOARDS OF INTERMEDIATE
AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT, 1976
PUNJAB ACT NO.XIII OF 1976**

AS AMENDED BY:

**THE PUNJAB BOARDS OF INTERMEDIATE
AND SECONDARY EDUCATION
(AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 1985**

PUNJAB ORDINANCE NO. XXXIII OF 1985¹

**THE PUNJAB BOARDS OF INTERMEDIATE
AND SECONDARY EDUCATION
(AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 1992**

PUNJAB ORDINANCE NO. XXIII OF 1992

AS AMENDED BY

**THE PUNJAB BOARDS OF INTERMEDIATE
AND SECONDARY EDUCATION
(AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE, 2001²**

PUNJAB ORDINANCE NO, XLVII OF 2001

AN ACT

To re-constitute and establish Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education in the Punjab and to amend and consolidate the Law relating thereto:-

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to re-constitute and establish Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education in the Punjab and to amend and consolidate the Law relating thereto:-

1. Short Title and Commencement.

¹The ordinance published in the Punjab Gazette on February 27, 1985

²The Ordinance No. XLVII of 2001 published on 27 November, 2001

It is hereby enacted as follows:-

- 1.1.** This Act may be called the Punjab Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education Act, 1976.
- 1.2.** This Ordinance may be called the Punjab Board's of Intermediate and Secondary Education (Amendment) Ordinance 1992.
- 1.3.** It shall come into force on such date as may be notified by Govt. in the official Gazette.

2. Definition.

In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions shall have the meanings hereby respectively assigned to them that is to say:-

- 2.1.** "Board" means a Board of Intermediate & Secondary Education constituted or reconstituted under Section 3;
- 2.2.** "Chairman" means the Chairman of a Board;
- 2.3.** "College" means an institution within the jurisdiction of a Board and recognized by it for Intermediate education, and includes a college having Intermediate and degree classes and affiliated the University for the degree classes;
- 2.4.** "Committee" means a committee constituted under this Act;
- 2.5.** "Controller of Examinations" means the Controller of Examination of a Board;
- 2.6.** "Controlling Authority" means the Controlling Authority specified in Section II;
- 2.7.** "Government" means the Govt. of the Punjab;
- 2.8.** "Head of an institution" means the Principal of a college or the Headmaster or Headmistress of a school;
- 2.9.** "Institution" means a college or a school;

- 2.10.** "Intermediate College" means an institution recognised for imparting instruction to Class XI and Class XII and, includes an institution having classes for Intermediate and Secondary education;
- 2.11.** "Intermediate Education" means education pertaining to Class XI and Class XII;
- 2.12.** "Member" means a member of a Board;
- 2.13.** "Prescribed" means prescribed by regulations or rules;
- 2.14.** "Principal" means the head of a College.
- 2.15.** "Recognised" means recognised by a Board;
- 2.16.** "Regulations" and "Rules" mean respectively the regulations and rules made or deemed to have been made under this Act;
- 2.17.** "School" means an institution within the jurisdiction of a Board and recognised by it only for Secondary education;
- 2.18.** "Secondary Education" means education pertaining to Class IX to Class X and such other classes as may be declared by Govt. to be classes of Secondary education;
- 2.19.** "Secretary" means the Secretary of a Board;
and
- 2.20.** "University" means the University having jurisdiction within an area in which a Board functions under Section 4.

3. Constitution and Reconstitution of the Boards.

- 3.1.** Government may establish one or more Boards in respect of such institutions or such areas as it may deem necessary; provided that Boards of Intermediate & Secondary Education

Bahawalpur, Dera Ghazi Khan, Faisalabad, Gujranwala, Rawalpindi and Sahiwal shall be constituted, and provided further that as soon as may be, the Board of Intermediate and Secondary education, Lahore, reconstituted under the West Pakistan (Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Lahore) Ordinance, 1961 (Ordinance No.XVIII of 1961)³ and the Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education (Multan and Sargodha) constituted in accordance with the provisions of the West Pakistan Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education (Multan & Sargodha) Ordinance, 1968 (Ordinance No.VII of 1968) shall be reconstituted by the Govt.

3.2. A Board shall be a body corporate and shall have perpetual succession and a common seal with power to acquire, hold and transfer property and may sue or be sued by its corporate name.

4. Jurisdiction of the Boards.

A Board shall exercise its powers in respect of such institutions and within such area as may be determined by the Govt. from time to time.

5. Constitution of a Board.

5.1. A Board shall consist of the following members, namely:-

5.1.1. The Chairman;

5.1.2. The Vice Chancellor of the University, or a University Professor nominated by him;

5.1.3. All Directors of Education (Colleges) related to the area within the jurisdiction of a Board;

³ The jurisdiction of Multan Board is consists of Civil Division of Multan.

- 5.1.4.** All Executive District Officers (Education)^{4*} related to the area within the jurisdiction of the Board;
 - 5.1.5.** The Director of Technical Education, Punjab, Lahore or his nominee;
 - 5.1.6.** One representative each of the Finance and Education Departments not below the rank of a Deputy Secretary;
 - 5.1.7.** One Principal of a Degree college situated within the jurisdiction of the Board to be nominated by the Controlling Authority;
 - 5.1.8.** One Principal of an Intermediate College situated within the jurisdiction of the Board to be nominated by the Controlling Authority;
 - 5.1.9.** Two Headmasters and one Headmistress of Schools situated within the jurisdiction of the Board to be nominated by the Controlling Authority; and
 - 5.1.10.** Two persons nominated by the Controlling Authority from amongst scholars and retired educationists.
- 5.2.** The names of the nominated members shall be notified in the official Gazette.
 - 5.3.** The term of office of members, other than ex-officio members, shall be three years.
 - 5.4.** No member appointed by virtue of his office shall continue to be a member if he ceases to hold that office.

⁴The words EDO (Edu) substituted by Punjab Ordinance No.XLVII of 2001.

5.5. When a person ceases to be a member of a Board, he shall cease to be a member of any committee of which he may be a member.

6. Resignation of a Member.

A member may resign his membership by a letter addressed to the Chairman.

7. Removal of a Member.

7.1. A member shall be liable to be removed by the Controlling Authority if he:-

7.1.1. Becomes of unsound mind.

7.1.2. Is declared insolvent by a competent court; or

7.1.3. Is convicted by a Criminal Court of an offence involving moral turpitude;

7.1.4. Is found negligent in the discharge of his functions.

7.2. The decision of the Controlling Authority removing a member from his office sub section (1) shall be final and shall not be questioned by or before any court or other authority.

8. Casual Vacancies.

8.1. Whenever there occurs a vacancy in the membership of a Board due to death, resignation or removal, it shall be filled in accordance with provisions of this Act.

8.2. The person who fills the vacancy referred to in sub section (1) shall be a member for the full term of three years.

9. Meetings of the Board.

9.1. The Chairman may, whenever he considers necessary, and shall, on a requisition from at

least seven members, call a meeting of the Board.

9.2. The quorum for meetings of a Board shall be seven

10. Powers of a Board.

10.1. Subject to the provisions of this Act, a Board shall have power to organize, regulate, develop and control Intermediate education and Secondary education.

10.2. In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the powers conferred by the preceding sub section, a Board shall have the power:-

10.2.1. To hold and conduct all examinations pertaining to Intermediate education, Secondary education, Pakistani and Classical languages and such other examinations as may be determined by Govt.

10.2.2. To prescribe courses of study for its examination.

10.2.3. To lay down conditions for recognition of institutions.

10.2.4. To accord, refuse or withdraw recognition, wholly or partly:-

10.2.4.1. In the case of schools maintained by the Govt. of Pakistan, after considering inspection reports from the officer on Special duty, Ministry of Education, Govt. of Pakistan or any other authority appointed for the purpose by the said Ministry.

10.2.4.2. In the case of other schools, after considering inspection reports from the Executive District Officer (Education)^{5*} concerned; and

10.2.4.3. In the case of Intermediate Colleges and institutions preparing candidates for languages examinations, after considering reports from an Inspection Committee appointed by a Board in this behalf;

10.2.5. To inspect and arrange for inspection of a recognized institution and call for inspection reports in respect of such institutions, other than the institution run by the Govt. of Pakistan.

10.2.6. To lay down conditions for admission to its examinations, to determine the eligibility of candidates and to admit them to such examinations’;

10.2.7. To grant certificates and diplomas to persons who have passed its examinations and to withdraw such certificates and diplomas;

10.2.8. To fix, demand and receive such fees as may be prescribed;

10.2.9. To supervise the residence, health and discipline of the students of recognized institutions with a view to promoting their general welfare;

10.2.10. To institute and award scholarships, medals and prizes in the prescribed manner;

⁵As amended by the Punjab Ordinance No.XLVII of 2001

- 10.2.11.** To organize and promote extra moral activities for recognized institutions;
- 10.2.12.** To hold control and administer its property and funds;
- 10.2.13.** To enter into and carry out contract in exercise of its powers and in the performance of its duties under this Act and the regulations;
- 10.2.14.** To pass its annual budget;
- 10.2.15.** To transfer any movable and immovable property belonging to it;
- 10.2.16.** To hold and manage endowments;
- 10.2.17.** To regulate and decide all administrative matters including the creation and abolition of posts under the Board except matters relating to the appointment, suspension and removal and matters relating to the conditions of service of the officers of the Board; provided that a post carrying an initial pay equal to Basic Scale 17 or above, per mensem, shall not be created without the prior approval of the Controlling Authority.
- 10.2.18.** To appoint such staff as it may consider necessary for the performance of its functions and define their duties and conditions of service;
- 10.2.19.** To make provisions for building's premises, furniture, apparatus, books and other means required for carrying out the purposes of this Act;

- 10.2.20.** To sanction or incur such expenditure as may be necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act;
- 10.2.21.** To do all other acts necessary for carrying out the purposes of this Act;
- 10.3.** A Board may delegate any of its powers to its Chairman or any officer of the Board or to a Committee or sub committee appointed by it, as it may deem fit.
- 10.4.** Except where the Controlling Authority directs otherwise^{6*}, a Board shall not make any rule or allow any concession, benefit, privilege or allowance to any person which is not in conformity with the rules enforced by the Govt. on similar matters.

11. Controlling Authority.

Govt. shall be the Controlling Authority of a Board.

12. Powers of the Controlling Authority.

- 12.1.** The Controlling Authority shall have the power to inspect and cause an inspection to be made, by such person or persons as it may direct, of the office, activities and funds of and the conduct of examinations by a Board, and to cause an enquiry to be made in respect of any matter concerning a Board, or the discharge of functions by the members, officers and employees of the Board.
- 12.2.** 1-A) The Controlling Authority may at any time suspend a member, an officer or an employee of the Board.

⁶As amended on 17.05.1992 by the Punjab Ordinance No.XXIII of 1992.

- 12.3.** The Controlling Authority may communicate to a Board the result of such inspection or enquiry and may advise a Board to take such action and within such period as may be specified.
- 12.4.** The Board shall report to the Controlling Authority the action taken on such communication.
- 12.5.** Where a Board does not, within a specified time, take action to the satisfaction of the Controlling Authority, the Controlling Authority may, after considering any explanation made by a Board, issue such directions as it thinks fit, and the Chairman shall comply with such directions.
- 12.6.** If the Controlling Authority is satisfied that any proceeding of a Board or a Committee is not in conformity with the provisions of this Act, or Regulations or Rules framed there under or in public interest, the Controlling Authority may, without prejudice to the foregoing provisions of this section, by order in writing, annul such proceedings;
- 12.7.** Provided that before making any such order, the Controlling Authority shall, through the Chairman, call upon the Board or the committee as the case may be, to show cause why such an order should not be made.
- 12.8.** The Controlling Authority may, from time to time, direct a Board to conduct its affairs and to perform its functions in such a manner as may be specified.

12.9. The Controlling Authority may require a Board to furnish its with:-

12.9.1. Any return, statement, estimate, statistics or other information regarding any matter under the control of the Board, or

12.9.2. A report on any such matter; or

12.9.3. A copy of any document in the charge of the Board; and the Chairman shall comply with every such requisition.

12.10. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, the Controlling Authority may:-

12.10.1. Place the services of any of the officers of other employees of any Board at the disposal of the Govt. or any other Board or institution for such period and on such terms and on such terms and conditions as may be determined by him provided that such terms and conditions shall not be less favourable than those admissible to him immediately before his transfer;

12.10.2. Make appointment to any post in the Board in any capacity from persons in the services of Pakistan or from officers or other employees of any other Board;

12.10.3. Make regulation concerning efficiency and discipline of officers and other employees of the Board; and

12.10.4. the Controlling Authority may remove from service any employee of a Board; provided that no such employee shall be removed from service without being given

an opportunity of being heard; provided further that where the Controlling Authority has initiated any such proceedings against any such employee, no other person including the Board shall have power to initiate any proceedings or take any steps in the matter.

13. Officers of the Board.

13.1. The following shall be the officers of a Board:-

13.1.1. The Chairman

13.1.2. The Secretary

13.1.3. The Controller of Examinations; and

13.1.4. Such other officers as may be appointed by the Controlling Authority.

14. Tenure

14.1. The officers of the Board shall be whole time officers and shall be appointed by the controlling authority on such terms and conditions as may be determined by the Controlling Authority.

14.2. The officers of the Board shall hold office during the pleasure of the Controlling Authority^{7*} from the date of notification of their appointment and shall be eligible for reappointment for such further period not exceeding three years, as may be specified in the order of re-appointment; provided that the Controlling Authority may, at any time review the work of the officers of the Board and if on such review it is satisfied that in the interest of the Board, or for any other sufficient cause, it

^{7*} Sub Section-2 as amended by Punjab Ordinance No.XXIII of 1992.

is necessary to do so, it may, after giving an officer an opportunity to show cause against the proposed action, dismiss or remove him from service or reduce the term of office of any such officer by such period as it may determine.

- 14.3.** Notwithstanding anything contained in sub section (2), a Civil servant, if appointed on the deputation as an officer of the Board, shall cease to hold office in the Board on the date of his retirement from Civil Service.^{8**}

15. Chairman.

- 15.1.** The Chairman shall be the principal executive and academic officer of the Board and shall, when present, preside at the meeting of:-

15.1.1. The Board; and

15.1.2. The committee of the Board constituted under section 18.

- 15.2.** It shall be the duty of the Chairman to ensure that the provisions of this Act and the regulations and rules and directions of the Controlling Authority are faithfully observed and carried out, and he shall exercise all powers necessary for this purpose.

- 15.3.** If at any time the office of the Chairman is vacant, temporarily or otherwise, by reason of leave, illness or other cause for a period not exceeding one year, the Controlling Authority shall make such arrangements for carrying on the duties of the office of the Chairman as it may think fit.

^{8*} Section-3 has been added vide Punjab Ordinance No.XXIII of 1992.

15.4. Subject to clause (xvii) of sub section (2) of section 10 of this Act, the Chairman may, in case of urgency, create a temporary post in the Board and may appoint a person against that post for a period not exceeding six months; provided that every appointment so made shall be reported within sixty days of such appointment to the Board for confirmation.

15.5. In any emergency arising out of the administrative business of the Board and requiring, in the opinion of the Chairman, immediate action, the Chairman may take such action as he may deem necessary and shall report the action taken to the Board at its next meeting for approval but not later than sixty days.

15.6. The Chairman shall exercise such other powers as may be prescribed by regulations.

16. Other Officers.

Subject to the provisions of this Act, the powers and duties of

other officers of a Board shall be such as may be determined by the Controlling Authority.

17. Retirement from Service.

17.1. An officer or other employee of a Board shall retire from service:-

17.1.1. On such date after he has completed 10*⁹ years of service qualifying for pension or other retirement benefits as the competent

⁹As substituted by the Punjab Ordinance No.XXIII of 1992.

authority or Controlling Authority may in the public interest direct; or/and

17.1.2. Where no direction is given under clause (17.1.1)¹⁰, on the completion of 60th year of his age provided that no order under clause (17.1.1) shall be made in respect of an officer or employee of a Board unless the competent authority or the Controlling Authority, as the case may be, has informed him in writing of the grounds on which it is proposed to be made and has given him an opportunity of showing cause against it.

Explanation: In this section, “competent authority” means the appointing authority or a person duly authorized by the appointing authority in that behalf, not being a person lower in rank to the officer, teacher or other employee concerned.

18. Committees of the Board.

18.1. The Boards shall have a joint Academic Committee which shall serve all the Boards constituted or re-constituted under this Act.

18.2. A Board shall have the following committees, namely:

18.2.1. The Finance Committee

18.2.2. The Appointment Committee

18.2.3. The Committee for appointment of Paper setters and Head Examiners; and

18.2.4. The Committees of Courses

18.3. In addition to the Committees mentioned in sub section (2) of this Section, a Board may

¹⁰As substituted by the Punjab Ordinance No.XXIII of 1992.

appoint such committees or sub committees as it may deem necessary.

18.4. A Committee may appoint such sub committees as it may consider necessary.

19. Constitution, Functions and Duties of Committees.

The constitution, functions and duties of committees shall be such as may be prescribed by regulations.

20. Power of a Board to make Regulations.

20.1. A Board may, subject to the approval of the Govt., frame regulations, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, to carry out the purposes of this Act provided that:-

20.1.1. A Board shall not propose draft of regulations affecting the constitution or power of any authority of the Board until such authority has been given an opportunity of expressing an opinion in writing upon the proposals;

20.1.2. The draft of Regulations shall be forwarded to the Controlling Authority and shall not be effective until it has been approved by the Controlling Authority; and

20.1.3. A Board shall not have the power to make any regulation or adopt any rules or regulations concerning efficiency and discipline of the officers/officials and other employees which is not in conformity with rules made by the Govt.

20.2. In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, such regulations may provide for:-

20.2.1. The terms and conditions of service of the employees of a Board, including matters relating to grant of leave and retirement of such employees;

20.2.2. Explanations: The terms and conditions should be in conformity with rules applicable to Govt. servants carrying equivalent pay scales and other benefits;

20.2.3. The constitution of Pension or Provident Fund or both for the benefit of the officers and other employees of a Board;

20.2.4. The admission of institutions to the privilege of recognition and the withdrawal of recognition;

20.2.5. A general scheme of studies, including the total number of subjects to be taught and the duration of courses; and

20.2.6. All other matters required under any of the provisions of this Act to be prescribed by regulations.

21. Powers of the Board to make Rules.

A Board may make rules consistent with this Act and the regulations to provide for:-

21.1. The inspection of institution and the reports, returns and other information to be furnished by them;

21.2. The conditions of admission of candidates to the examinations held by it and their eligibility for diploma, certificates and titles;

21.3. The manner and the form in which accounts of a Board shall be maintained; and

21.4. Such other matters as may be required under the regulations to be provided in the rules.

22. Fund.

A Board shall have a fund to which shall be credited all its income including income from fees, endowments, grants and contributions.

23. Accounts and Audit.

23.1. The accounts of a Board shall be maintained in such form and in such manner as may be prescribed by rules.

23.2. The accounts of the Board shall be audited in such manner as may be prescribed by regulations.

23.3. A Board shall, as soon as possible after the end of every financial year, submit to Govt., the annual statement of the accounts of the Board duly audited together with the report of the auditor.

24. Provident Fund or Pension.

24.1. A Board shall establish for the benefit of its employees such Pension or Provident Fund or both as it may deem fit in such manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed by regulations.

24.2. Govt. may, by notification in the official Gazette, declare that the provisions of the Provident Fund Act, 1925 (Act XI of 1925), shall apply to a Provident Fund established by a Board and on the making of such

declaration that Act shall apply as if such Board were Govt. and said funds were the Govt. Provident Fund.

25. Submission of Yearly Reports and Returns.

A Board shall submit to the Controlling Authority, as soon as possible after the end of every financial year but not later than the 30th September, a report on the conduct of its affairs for that year.

26. Members of the Board prohibited from deriving Monetary Gains.

26.1. No member shall draw any fee or other remuneration in any capacity whatever from the Funds of the Board or enter into any contract with the Board directly or through any other person in connection with the affairs of the Board:

26.2. Provided that the emoluments of the Chairman shall be paid from the funds of the Board in accordance with the terms and conditions of his appointment.

26.3. Nothing in this Section shall be deemed to prohibit a member of a committee from receiving from the Board, remuneration in lump sum for writing, compiling or editing a book intended to be prescribed for an examination of the Board.

27. Bar against Membership.

No person who has any financial interest in any book prescribed by a Board as a course of study for any examination conducted by such Board or has a financial interest as a partner or otherwise in any firm

which publishes, procure or supplies any such book, shall be eligible to become a member of such Board, or a committee thereof or continue as such after having acquired any such interest.

28. Validations.

No act or proceedings of a Board or any committee shall be invalid merely by reason of the existence of a vacancy on the Board or the committee as the case may be or any reason of any irregularity in the appointment of any member of the Board of the committee.

29. Bar of Suit.

No act done, order issued or proceeding taken by a Board in pursuance of the provisions of this Act shall be called in question in any Court.

30. Members and Employees of Boards deemed to be Public Servants.

Members of a Board and its committees, the officers of the Board, the employees of a Board and other persons appointed for carrying out the purposes of this Act, shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of Section 21 of the Pakistan Penal Code (Act XLI of 1860).

31. Protection of Acts and Order under the Act.

No suit for damages or other legal proceedings shall be instituted against Govt., the Controlling Authority, a Board, a Committee, a member of a committee or an officer or employee of a Board in respect of anything done or purported to have been done in good faith in pursuance of the provisions of this Act and the regulations and rules made thereunder.

32. First Regulations.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, the regulations set out in the Schedule shall be deemed to be the first regulations framed by the Board under section 20 of this Act.

33. Transitional Provisions.

33.1. Till such time as the constitution of a Board under section 5 is completed, the Chairman and the ex-officio members, shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of a Board and its committee.

33.2. A Board shall exercise all powers and perform all duties of the committees of a Board till such time as the committees are constituted.

33.3. If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the Controlling Authority may take such action to remove the difficulty as in the circumstances of the case it may deem necessary.

34. Savings.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Act, everything done, action taken, jurisdiction of power conferred, recognition granted and order issued under any of the provisions of the West Pakistan (Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Lahore) Ordinance 1961 (West Pakistan Ordinance No.XVII of 1961)/West Pakistan Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education (Multan & Sargodha) Ordinance, 1968 (West Pakistan Ordinance No. VII of 1968), as the case may be, and the regulations and rules made thereunder, shall, if not

inconsistent with the provisions of this Act and the regulations and rules made thereunder, be continued and, so far as may be, deemed to have respectively been done, taken, conferred, granted and issued under this Act and the regulations and rules made thereunder.

35. Repeal and Savings.

The following enactments are hereby repealed:-

- 35.1.** The West Pakistan (Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education, Lahore) Ordinance 1961: and
- 35.2.** The West Pakistan (Board of Intermediate and Secondary Education (Multan and Sargodha) Ordinance, 1968

THE PUNJAB UNIVERSITY AND BOARDS OF INTERMEDIATE & SECONDARY
EDUCATION MALPRACTICES (AMENDMENT) ORDINANCE 1999

PUNJAB ORDINANCE NO.V OF 1999.

AN ORDINANCE.

Further to amend the Punjab Universities and Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education Malpractices Act, 1950.

Whereas it is expedient further to amend the Punjab Universities and Boards of Intermediate Education Malpractice Act, 1950 for the purposes hereinafter appearing.

And whereas the Provincial Assembly of the Punjab is not in session and the Governor of the Punjab is satisfied that circumstances exist which render it necessary to take immediate action;

Now therefore in exercised of the power conferred upon him under Article 128(2) of the constitution the Governor of Punjab is pleased to promulgate the following Ordinance.

1. Short title and commencement.-

- a. This Ordinance may be called the Punjab Universities and Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education Malpractices (Amendment) Ordinance, 1999.
- b. it shall come into force at once and shall be deemed to have take effect on the day the Punjab Universities and Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education Malpractices (Amendment) Ordinance, 1999(V of 1999)stands repealed under Article128(2) of the Constitution.

2. Amendment of Section 2 of Act XXXII of 1950.—In the Punjab Universities and Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education Malpractices Act. 1950 (XXXII of 1950) hereinafter referred to as the said Act in section 2(bb)—

- (i) After the word “ Secondary” the words “ or Technical” shall be inserted; and
- (ii) After the word “Punjab” the words “or any other examining body, notified by the Government” shall be added.

3. Substitution of Section 3 of Act XXXII of 1950.- ¹¹ In the Punjab Universities and Boards of Intermediate and Secondary Education Malpractice ACT.1950 (XXXII of 1950) hereinafter referred to as the said Act. For section 3 the following shall be substituted:-

¹¹ February 16,1999.

“3” Punishment for Malpractices etc:-

- a. Whoever is guilty of
- (i) Possessing firearms or other implement capable of being used as weapon of offence in or around an examination centre; or
 - (ii) Impersonating another who is a candidate for an examination or
 - (iii) Forging, mutilating, altering, erasing or otherwise tempering with any document connected with an examination or making undue use of such document; or
 - (iv) pre-mature disclosure of question or question paper knowing that such question or question paper is to be put or set at an examination written or oral; or
 - (v) replacement of an answer book or any portion thereof; or
 - (vi) recording in any document with dishonest motive marks more or less than the marks awarded to a candidate by the examiner concerned. If the person doing so is other than the examiner; or
 - (vii) mutilation, alteration interpolation or erasure in any certificate or other document or any record maintained by a University or Board or in any manner using or causing to be used as certificate document or record knowing that it is so mutilated altered interpolated or erased; or
 - (viii) divulging or procuring information pertaining to a University or Board examination papers, answer books, examiners, conduct of examinations, fictitious roll numbers, examination results or any information incidental thereto; or
 - (ix) falsification of official examination results by any means including substitution of answer books, mutilation, alteration or falsification of University or Board record; or
 - (x) impeding the progress of examination at any examination centre by any means what so ever or
 - (xi) assaulting or threatening any person incharge of an examination centre or any other person, employed in connection with an examination ;or
 - (xii) attempting or abetting the examination of the aforesaid acts shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years and with fine which may extent to 50,000/- rupees
- b. whoever is guilty of
- (i) making false representation in his admission form or any other document connect with an examination; or

- (ii) giving or receiving any assistance for solving of any part of a question paper or allowing any other candidate to copy his answer book or attempted to do so; or
 - (iii) unauthorized copying or receiving assistance from any paper book, note or other source for answering a question ;or
 - (iv) taking un authorized the whole or a part of an answer book or a continuation sheet in to or out of any examination centre;, or
 - (v) awarding with dishonest motive marks more or less than the marks deserved by a candidate, if the person doing so is an examiner; or
 - (vi) supplying to a candidate during his examination answer to the question contain in the question paper or a question put or to be put at an oral examination; or
 - (vii) approaching or influencing any employee to act corruptly or dishonestly in c conduct or any examination declaration of any examination result or marking of paper or obtaining secret information relating to any examination or
 - (viii) Attempting or abetting the commission of any of aforesaid acts shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years or with fine which may extend to 25000 rupees or with both.
4. **Addition of section 3-A in Act XXXII of 1950.**_ in the said Act the following section 3-A shall be added:-
“3-A General Provision (1) The offences under section 3(2) of this Ordinance may be tried summarily under the provision of the Code of Criminal Procedure 1898.
 (2)There shall be no appeal by a convicted person in cases which are tried summarily and a sentence of fine not exceeding one thousand rupees is passed in respect of an offence under this Ordinance.
5. **Amendment of Section 4 of Act XXXII of 1950.**- In the said Act in section 4
- (i) The word “Registrar” the word “Vice Chancellor” shall be substituted and
 - (ii) For the words “and every offence shall be bailable” the words “ and the offences mentioned in section 3(1) shall be non bail able while those mentioned in section 3(2) shall be bailable.