Pape	r Code	20	15 (A)	Roll No.
Num	ber: 4486) intermediat	TE PART_II (12 th (CI ASS)
CHE	MISTRY PAI	PER-II (OLD SCH	ETAKT-II (12 EME) ECTIVE	TIME ALLOWED: 20 Minutes
Note: You have four choices for each objective type question as A, B, C and D. The choice which you think is correct, fill that circle in front of that question number. Use marker or pen to fill the circles. Cutting or filling two or more circles will result in zero mark in that question. Attempt as many questions as given in objective type question paper and leave others blank. No credit will be awarded in case BUBBLES are not filled. Do not solve question on this sheet of OBJECTIVE PAPER. Q.No.1				
(1)	The Carbon atom	of <i>HCHO</i> is:-		
	(A) sp – hybridize	ed (B) sp^2 – hybridized	(C) sp^3 – hybridized	(D) Not hybridized
(2)	Ammoniacal solut	tion of Silver Nitrate react	s with:-	
	(A) 2 – pentyne	(B) Ethene	(C) 2 – Butyne	(D) Ethyne
(3)	acid can be	e used as catalyst in Frieda	al – Craft's reaction.	
	(A) $ZnC\ell_2$	(B) $HC\ell$	(C) HNO ₃	(D) $A\ell C\ell_3$
(4)	is vicinal di	halide.		
	(A) $CH_2 Br CH_2$	$CH_2 Br$ (B) $CH_3 C Br$	$_{2}CH_{3}$ (C) $CH_{3}CH$	Br_2 (D) $\begin{vmatrix} CH_2 - CH_2 \\ Br & Br \end{vmatrix}$
(5)	The first product of	of oxidation of primary alo	cohol is:-	
	(A) Aldehyde	(B) Ester	(C) Carboxylic acid	(D) Ketone
(6)	Calcium formate of	on heating gives:-		
	(A) Methane	(B) Methanoic Anhyo	dride (C) Formic a	cid (D) Formaldehyde
(7)	Formalin is:-	(A) 40% solution of	CH ₃ CHO (H	B) 60% solution of HCHO
	(C) 100% solution	on of HCHO	(D) 40% solution of	f HCHO
(8)	The nature of Alan	nine is:-		
	(A) Acidic	(B) Basic	(C) Neutral	(D) Weakly acidic
(9)	Polymer of Chloro	bethylene is:-		
	(A) Terylene	(B) PVC	(C) Teflon	(D) Nylon
(10)		f Gypsum in Cement is:-		
	(A) $4 - 5 \%$	(B) 3 – 4 %	(C) $2 - 3 \%$	(D) 1 – 2 %
(11)		n layer of atmosphe		
(1.E)	(A) Troposphere (B) Mesosphere (C) Thermosphere (D) Stratosphere			
(12)		ble all the non-metals are		
(13)	(A) f element is a	(B) d most electropositive out of	(C) p f group I A and II A	(D) s
(13)	(A) <i>K</i>	(B) Mg	(C) Na	(D) <i>Ca</i>
(14)	The Oxide of boro	. , .	(0) 1.0	(2) 0"
(14)			(C) A	(D) A -: 1: -
(15)	(A) Ionic	(B) Basic	(C) Amphoteric	(D) Acidic
(15)		S NO with dil. HNO_3 .		
(1.6)	(A) Fe	(B) Zr	(C) Cu	(D) Sn
(16)	The strongest redu			(D) 1100
	(A) HBr	(B) <i>HI</i>	(C) H_2F_2	(D) $HC\ell$
(17)		r of Fe in $K_4[Fe(CN)]$	· -	(D) 4
	(A) + 4	(B) + 2	(C) + 6	(D) -4
		24(OLD SCHEME)(Obj)(PPP)-2015(A)-	(MULTAN)